OP04

Understanding epilepsy: residents' knowledge, experience and attitudes towards epilepsy and its first aid measures in Lagos, Nigeria

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Abstract

Epilepsy presents a longstanding global challenge, particularly in devel-oping countries like Nigeria, where significant treatment gaps persist [1, 2], despite the increasing prevalence of the disease [3]. Community sup-port plays a vital role in managing People Living with Epilepsy (PLWE), provided community members have a good knowledge of epilepsy [4]. This study evaluated residents' knowledge of epilepsy, its first aid mea-sures, and their attitudes toward PLWE in Surulere LGA, Lagos State, Nigeria.

The study was conducted between April and December 2023 and employed an analytical cross-sectional design in Surulere LGA, Lagos State. The sampling methodology utilised a multistage sampling tech-nique, with 291 respondents surveyed using an interviewer-adminis-tered semi-structured questionnaire. Data analysis was performed using IBM SPSS version 26.0, with univariate and bivariate analyses conducted.

All 291 questionnaires were completed, revealing a mean respondent age of 32.3 ± 11.8 years, predominantly spanning 26-45 years (45.4%). Overall, respondents demonstrated good knowledge of epilepsy (51.2%), with over half recognising it as a neurological disease and 56% acknowl-edging its non-contagious nature. Notably, 82.1% perceived epilepsy as treatable, however, with about half endorsing spiritual or traditional methods. Factors such as prior seizure witness, personal connection to PLWE, and religious affiliation significantly influenced epilepsy knowl-edge and attitudes.

While residents exhibited a commendable understanding of epilepsy, misconceptions and negative attitudes toward PLWE persist. Efforts should prioritise targeted educational campaigns addressing specific myths and misconceptions, and innovative delivery methods of educa-tional materials should be explored.

Keywords: epilepsy; first aid measures; Lagos; Nigeria

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